## Eurostat: 24\% of households in Europe have children; 6 million households consist of single parents. Unemployment remains stable

In 2021, there were 197 million households in the EU, of which $24 \%$ had children. $49 \%$ of these had only one child, $39 \%$ had two children, and $12 \%$ had three or more children. $13 \%$ of households with children consisted of single parents ( 6 million households). The EU's Statistical Office, Eurostat, published these figures today to mark the Global Day of Parents, also providing data on part-time employment differences between women with and without children. In 24 EU Member States, the share of part-time employment among employed women aged 25-54 with children was larger than that for women without children, with the largest gaps recorded in central and western EU Member States: Germany (34\%), Austria (32.3\%), the Netherlands (27.3\%). Only in Denmark, Portugal and Latvia, there are more women without children working part-time than women with children (the shares being $2.7 \%, 2.3 \%$ and $1.8 \%$, respectively). The data for 2020 showed that, in households with children, $72.2 \%$ of women were employed compared with $90 \%$ of men. The Italian percentage was the lowest - only $57.3 \%$ of women with children were employed. Today, Eurostat also released the employment data: in April 2022, the euro area unemployment rate was $6.8 \%$, stable compared with March 2022 and down from 8.2\% in April 2021. As for the EU, the unemployment rate was $6.2 \%$ in April (stable compared with March) and down from $7.5 \%$ in April 2021. This means that 13,264 million men and women were unemployed in the EU in April (11,181 million in the euro area). For young people, the unemployment rate was $13.9 \%$ (down from $14.0 \%$ in March).

Redazione

